The Climate Registry's Verification & Accreditation Orientation

The Climate Registry

Los Angeles, CA July 24, 2008

Welcome!

Introductions

- Agenda Review
 - Overview of Accreditation
 - Overview of General Verification Protocol
 - Verification Exercises
 - Resources & Next Steps
- Afternoon Session



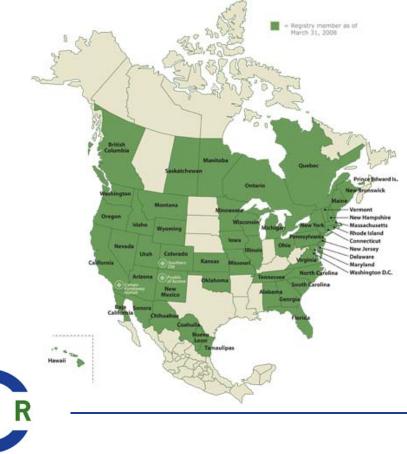
The Climate Registry

MISSION:

To set consistent and transparent standards for the measurement, verification, and public reporting of greenhouse gas emissions throughout North America in a single unified registry that supports both voluntary and mandatory programs

MEMBERS: 9 Canadian Provinces 39 U.S. States 6 Mexican states 3 Native Sovereign Nations

REPORTERS: 265 Reporters



The Climate Registry

Third Party Verification

- Key principle of voluntary GHG reporting
 - Best way to ensure accurate, high quality data
- Problem:
 - How does the Registry ensure that competent Verification Bodies are conducting verification activities consistent with its reporting and verification protocols?
- Solution:
 - Partner with national Accreditation Bodies in North America to ensure that Verification Bodies:
 - Comply with ISO 14065
 - Comply with TCR specific accreditation criteria



Accreditation Bodies

- The Registry is partnering with Accreditation Bodies to administer its accreditation program
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI) is the first to partner with the Registry
 SCC
 - **EMA**
- Multilateral Recognition Agreement



ANSI Responsibilities

ANSI responsibilities

- Review applications
- Assess competency
- Issue accreditation finding
- Audit
- Monitor
- Sanction
- Re-accredit (currently 2 years. Likely to change to 3 in August)



The Climate Registry

Registry's Oversight Role

- Registry's responsibilities:
 - Develop Verification Program criteria
 - Develop Registry specific accreditation criteria
 - Assist with accreditation decisions
 - Assist with monitoring
 - Contribute to dispute resolution
 - Participate in sanctioning
 - Assess and improve program



Overview of Key Dates

- Optional Orientation Sessions
 - 6/11/08: Washington, DC
 - 7/24/08: Los Angeles, CA
- Summer, 2008: Assessments
 - CCAR Members
 - TCR Reporters
- December, 2008: ANSI to award ISO 14065 (as well as TCR) accreditation status to successful pilot program participants
- **2009**:
 - ANSI accepts rolling applications
 - TCR Reporters report and verify 2008 data



Overview of the Guidance on Accreditation



The Climate Registry

Accreditation

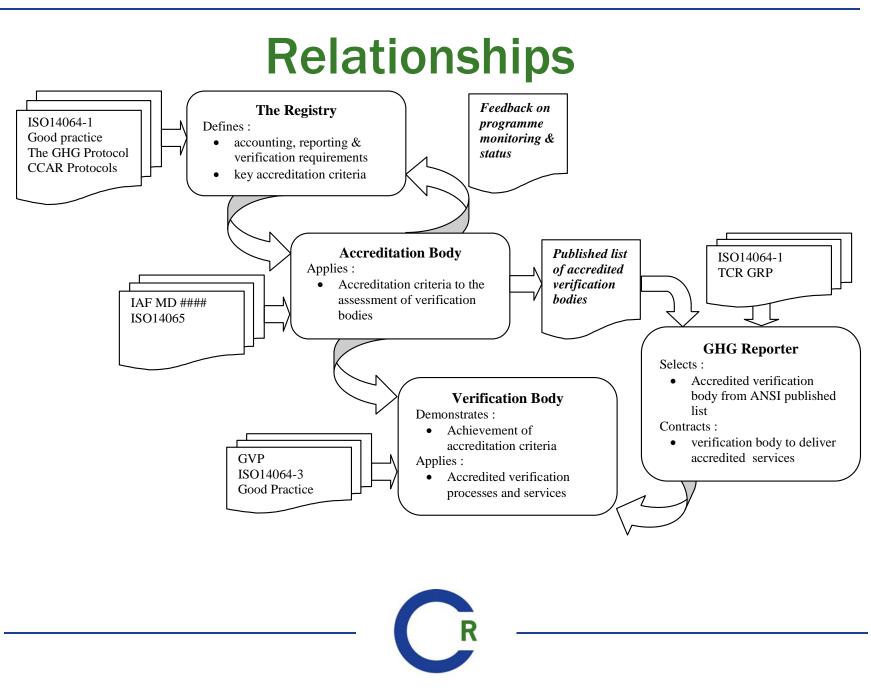
- Inspection of the "inspectors"
- Provides confidence to Registry stakeholders that Verification Bodies are:
 - competent
 - have no conflicts or loss of independence
 - have quality controlled systems for their work
- Quality assurance mechanism for the Registry



Structure of the GoA

- Background
 - Relationships and responsibilities
- Introduction to the Guide
- The Accreditation Processes
- Accreditation Requirements
 - **IS014065**
 - **TCR specific additional requirements**
- Frequently Asked Questions
- Annexes: Including Accreditation Body Specific Processes





The Climate Registry

Accreditation Body Responsibilities

- Assess the professional credibility of the Verification Bodies
- Ensure that Verification Bodies possess the requisite knowledge, competence and impartiality
- Issue certificates of accreditation to Verification Bodies
- Monitor Verification Bodies
- Implement investigations and/or sanctions against accredited Verification Bodies, when necessary
- Manage the Accreditation Committee (through which the Registry will participate in key accreditation decisions)
- Prepare an annual report for the Registry



Registry's Verification Oversight Panel

- Registry body responsible for high level oversight of accreditation and verification programs
- Appointed by Audit and Ethics Committee
- Composed of board members, state and provincial staff, Registry staff, other external experts
- Includes verification, legal, financial accounting and ethics expertise



Oversight Panel Responsibilities

- Work with staff to manage & improve the verification & accreditation programs
- Exercise general oversight of Accreditation Bodies
- Periodically observe Verification Bodies in action during the course of verification
- Periodically observe Accreditation Bodies in action to ensure proper implementation of the verification & accreditation programs
- Option to participate directly in accreditation confirmation decisions
- Option to participate directly in the appeals/dispute/conflict investigation and resolution process



The Process of Accreditation

- Consistent with approach to accreditation for other schemes
 - management systems or product certification
- Consistent with international approaches
 - ISO 14065
- Based on guidance from the International Accreditation Forum
- 3 stages :
 - Initial accreditation
 - Surveillance for maintenance of accreditation
 - Re-accreditation at the end of the cycle



ISO 14065 Requirements - Summary

- Verification Process Management System
- Impartiality
- Competency
- Personnel deployment & management
- Communications
- Records maintenance
- Verification processes must demonstrate:
 - COI & Impartiality applied to every engagement
 - Verification Body applies ISO14064-3 & Registry's GVP requirements



Key Registry-Specific Requirements

- General:
- General 1: Requires accreditation for specific "scopes"
- General 2: Authorizes AB to conduct accreditation process, but acknowledges the Registry's ability to observe both VBs and ABs



Example Matrix of Scopes

		"Industrial" Sectors								
	bjects <u>Simple comparisons the compasion</u> power ceneration of the compasion of the compasio									
Subjects		Simple Simple's	Biomass		PONETOST	pution chemicals	N inerals	OIIBG85	exc.	
Entity Accounting	Annual verification									
Project Accounting	Baselines									
	Validation									
	Annual verification									
= scope of accreditation	ices can be offered to clients									



- Conflict of Interest (COI)
- In addition to organizational assessment:
 - Complete Case Specific COI Assessment
 - Registry screens all COI Assessment forms
 - AB will periodically review COI Assessment forms
 - VB may not begin verification activities until authorized by the Registry
 - 15 business days
 - Email notification



The Climate Registry

Insurance

- Requires VBs have at least \$1,000,000 in professional indemnity insurance
- If Reporter will use inventory for more than TCR, may need to supplement insurance



- Knowledge of the Registry's Program
 - General Protocols
 - Industry specific protocols
 - GHG emission calculations
 - **GHG emission inventory**
 - Complex project management (Lead Verifier)
- Additional training
- Documentation of personnel advancement



Lead Verifiers

Must have at least two Lead Verifiers

- Lead Verifier
- Internal Peer Reviewer



- Subcontracting
- Permits subcontracting for Lead Verifiers
 - Must meet competency requirements
 - Overseen by other in house Lead Verifiers
 - VB must accept responsibility of Lead Verifier finding



Management of Subcontractors

VB must demonstrate how it manages and controls subcontractors



- Standard for verification
- VBs must conduct verification activities as described in the General Verification Protocol
- If Reporter exceeds the Registry's reporting requirements, then may require additional verification



- Notification of Verification activities
 - VBs must submit their verification schedule (Notification of Verification Activities Form) to the Registry at least 15 days before commencing work
 - May be submitted with COI (if possible)
 - Form will require annual summary of verification activities with regards to scope of clients, duration of work, etc



- Record Retention
- Reporters and VBs must retain records for at least 5 years (from the date of the verified emission report)
- VBs must check that Reporters are maintaining records properly



- Conflict of Interest Thresholds
- GVP defines thresholds for COI
 - Must not have more than \$5,000 direct interest
 - Case Specific COI is determined on a case by case basis by the Registry



- Internal Peer Reviewers
- Requires Internal Peer Reviewers be Lead Verifiers
- Must demonstrate competency

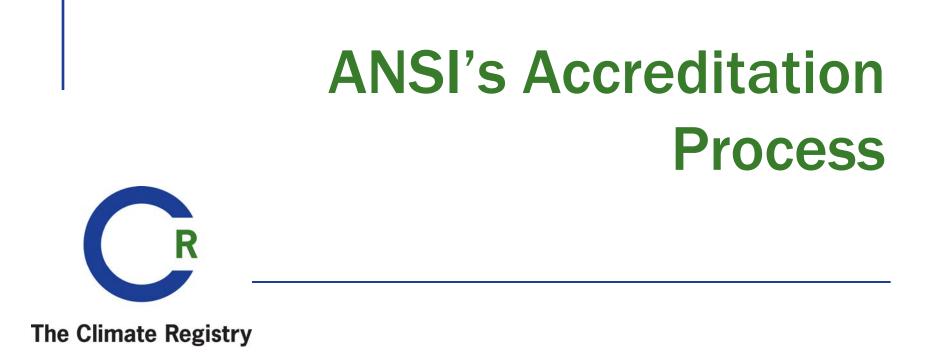


- VB management systems
- Requires VB to align their management systems to ISO 9001
 - Does not need to be certified



Questions?





General Verification Protocol



The Climate Registry

Verified GHG Emissions Data

- Provides confidence that an emission report represents a faithful, true, and fair account of an Entity's emissions to:
 - State and provincial regulatory agencies
 - Native sovereign nations
 - Investors, suppliers and customers
 - local governments
 - the Registry
 - the public



Principles of Verification

- Consistent with rigorous international standards
 - ISO 14064-3
- Risk-Based Assessment
 - Focus attention on data system, processes, and sources that pose the greatest risk of generating a material discrepancy



Level of Assurance

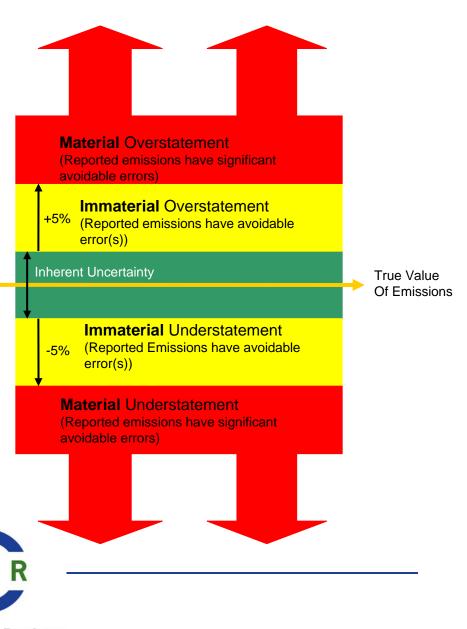
- Relative degree of confidence a Verification
 Body has in its assessment of the accuracy of the reported data
- Reasonable Assurance:
 - Asserts that an emission report is materially correct
- Limited Assurance:
 - Asserts that there is no evidence that an emission report is NOT materially correct



Materiality

Materiality Threshold:

- Separate 5 percent threshold for direct & indirect emissions
- Material misstatements must be corrected to be accepted by the Registry



The Climate Registry

Applications of Materiality

- Hierarchy: Reporters must meet Registry's program requirements first!
- Simplified Emission Estimation Methods = Inherent uncertainty
- Offsetting Errors
 - □ +7% error in CO2, -4% error in CO2
 - Can offset emissions within same scope (1 OR 2)
- Non offsetting Errors
 - Cannot offset emissions between Scope 1 & 2



The Climate Registry

Scope of Verification

- The Registry's Voluntary Reporting Program
 - General Reporting & Verification Protocols
- Regulatory Data
 - Must be reviewed in risk assessment
- Transitional Reporting
 - Must meet Registry's requirements
- Historical Emissions
 - Imported vs. "New"
- Optional Emissions
 - Worldwide Emissions must be complete and verified, if reported



Five Year Verification Cycle

- Require annual verification
- Permit a 5 year verification cycle
 - **D** To streamline requirements and costs
 - Streamlined review determined by VB, but is not permitted in the following instances:
 - A new VB is selected to assess a Reporter's emissions
 - Base Year is changed or adjusted
 - Reporter becomes a "complete" reporter (no longer a Transitional Reporter)
 - Reporter's emissions change by more than 5% from the previous year's emissions
 - Other issues as deemed appropriate by the VBs



Verifying Multiple Years of Data

- VBs may verify multiple years of data
- If historical data is being verified for the first time (not imported) it counts as one of the 5 years in the cycle
- If previous years' data is adjusted, it does not count as one of the 5 years in the cycle



Conflict of Interest (COI)

Four Types of COI

- Organizational (ANSI)
- Case-Specific (Registry and ANSI)
- Personal (Registry and ANSI)
- Emerging (Registry and ANSI)



Organizational COI

- Ensures that Verification Bodies have mechanisms in place to control and manage COI
- Assessed by ANSI as part of the accreditation process



Case Specific COI

- Case Specific COI: Assessment that the Verification Body-Reporter relationship is objective and impartial
 - High COI:
 - A Verification Body and a Reporter share any management.
 - A Verification Body has provided any GHG consultancy services to a Reporter
 - A Verification Body has provided non-GHG consultancy services that may influence its impartiality



Personal COI

- Personal COI: Assessment that individuals on the verification team are impartial
 - High COI:
 - A staff member has been an employee of the Reporter within the last 3 years.
 - A staff member has provided any of the prohibited GHG services to the Reporter in the last 3 years.
 - A staff member currently has a direct financial interest (mutual funds and exchange-traded funds excluded) in the Reporter in excess of \$5,000.



COI Assessment Process

- Verification Body completes Case Specific COI Assessment Form & submits to Registry
- Registry screens all Assessment forms
 - Provides authorization in 15 days
 - Registry may select Assessment form for additional review
- If COI is rejected, Verification Body can:
 - Abandon contract
 - Mitigate conflict, if possible
 - Appeal decision to Verification Oversight Panel



The Climate Registry

Emerging COI

 A direct conflict between a Reporter and a Verification Body in the 12 months that follow the completion of their verification activities



Mitigating COI

- Verification Bodies may work to mitigate high COIs to an acceptable level
- Registry will review Mitigation Plans on a case by case basis
- At a minimum, Mitigation Plans must:
 - Remove conflicted personnel from the project team
 - Explain changes to organizational structure that prevents conflict
 - **Explain other relevant changes or circumstances**



Mitigating Factors

- Time of service
 - More than 3 years ago = lower risk
- Location
 - Outside of North America = lower risk
- Types of Service
 - Non GHG consultancy services = lower risk
- Financial Value of Service
 - Small relative value of Verification Body income = lower risk



Verification Team

- Team members must have appropriate competencies
- Must contain at least 2 Lead Verifiers
- May use subcontractors
 - Must meet all competency requirements



Core Verification Activities

Verification Bodies will:

- Assess conformance of reported emissions with the General Reporting Protocol
- Assess completeness of emission reports
- Perform a comprehensive risk assessment of reported emissions
- Visit facilities to review emissions management & accounting
- Verify emission inventory



Completing Verification Activities

- Prepare Verification Report and Verification Statement
 - Verification Report: includes scope, description of verification plan, complete list of facilities, sampling plan, list of any discrepancies identified
 - Verification Statement: official documentation of the outcome of the verification activities
- Host Exit Meeting to discuss outcomes with Reporters
- Reporter authorizes Verification Statement & Submits to Registry
- Verification Deadline: December 15th
 - Year following emissions year



The Climate Registry

Registry Review of Verified Emission Reports

- The Registry will review all Reporters' Verification Statements and emission reports.
- Upon acceptance of Verification Statements, the Registry will make Reporters' emission reports and Verification Statements available to the public via CRIS

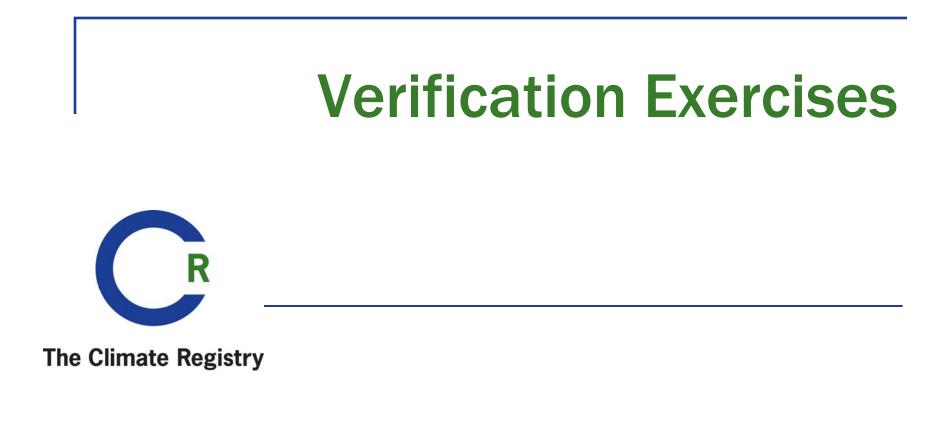


Batch Verification

- Annually the Registry will select at least one Batch Verification Body to conduct batch verification
 - Selected by the end of March each year
- Batch verification eligibility criteria:
 - Less than 1000 metric tons total CO₂e per year
 - With only:
 - Scope 2 Indirect Emissions
 - Scope 1 Direct Emissions from stationary combustion for heating or cooling, and
 - Scope 1 Direct Emissions from mobile sources
 - No significant fugitive emissions

Reporters interested in batch verification must contact the selected Batch Verification Body directly.









The Climate Registry

Building your Competency

Training opportunities

- **CSA**
- FuturePerfect Sustainability
- **GHG Management Institute**

CRIS Orientations for Verification Bodies



Identifying Clients

TCR member list available today

CCAR members

- Directory
- CCAR bulletin board



Links between TCR and CCAR

- ANSI accreditation
- Coordinated reporting & verification programs
 CCAR will recognize TCR accredited verifiers
- Climate Action Reserve



CRIS Update

- CRIS launched on 6/30/08
 - Accessible via the Registry's website: <u>www.theclimateregistry.org</u>
- The Registry is working to develop a more robust Verification module in CRIS
 - Your feedback is encouraged
 - Trainings will be offered for VBs once the verification module is complete
- Please contact the Registry for CRIS training if you are verifying 2007 data for a Registry Reporter!



Questions?



Questions?

Jill Gravender Vice President, Policy 213-891-6920 or 866-523-0764

jill@theclimateregistry.org

